





















Financial Analysis Review Phase 1 Updated: 9/18/2020





The

POWER OF INTEGRATION

is highly dependent on...



Creation of the vision for space in the market with combined resources



Entry into new markets and enrollment growth

Organizational efficiencies are necessary but insufficient and include:



Rationalization of the academic program array



Operating efficiencies



Financial Analysis Phase 1 Methodology

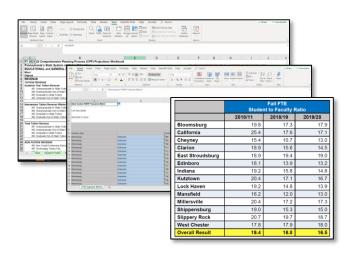
The Analysis is a high-level assessment of standalone and integrated institutional viability.



Model Inputs

The model layers in various data, analyses, assumptions, and user inputs

- 1 Comprehensive Planning Process (CPP)
- 2 Functional expenditures
- 3 Employee complement expenditures





Model Outputs

The model, in addition to functioning as a consolidated "database" of institutional data, provides one main output:

1 Standalone and integrated revenue and expenditure summaries through 2025-26

INSTITUTIONAL VIABILITY (2025-26)	Financial/ Enrollment Scenario:	Conservative	S:F RATIO METHOD:	HISTORICAL AVG	
Institution(s)	2023-2025 FTE (Annu	alized) Enrollment Change	2023-2025 Average Operating Margin		
	Adjusted Projection	CPP Projection	Adjusted Projection	CPP Projection	
BL	-4%	0%	-4%	1%	
CA	-4%	2%	-5%	-2%	
CL	-4%	0%	-6%	-1%	
ED	-4%	8%	2%	12%	
SL	-4%	0%	-3%	-1%	
LO	-4%	3%	-1%	3%	
MA	-4%	1%	-15%	5%	
CA/CL	-4%		-5%		
CA/CL/ED	-4%	-4% 0% 0% -4% 2% -4% 0% 8% -4% 3% -4% 1% -4% 1% -4% -4% -4% -4% -4% -4% -4% -4% -4% -4	-3%		
CA/CL/ED/SL	-4%		-2%	N/A	
ED/SL	-4%	N/A	0%	N/A	
LO/MA	-4%		-4%		
LO/MA/BL	-4%		-3%		

Key Model Assumptions

- Change in enrollment, tuition rates, and state appropriation
- Treating CPP raw data as 'source of truth' for base years
- Permutes trajectories ("Lower-Bound", "Moderate", and "Upper-Bound" scenarios) that impact institutional viability
- 'Institutional viability' is assessed according to consideration of the following variables:
 - Enrollment
 - Operating Margin
 - Primary Reserve Ratio
- No change in services that touch students



Baseline Assumptions for Projected Scenarios

The team modeled three scenarios:

- **'Lower-Bound':** Highest reductions in revenue and lowest cost savings potential
- 'Moderate': Trend data from FY 15/16 through FY 19/20 referencing financial indicators
- 'Upper-Bound': Lowest reductions in revenue and highest cost savings potential
 - 1. Lower-Bound
 - 2. Moderate
 - 3. Upper-Bound



Standalone Analysis

Integration Options

- Comparative projections are based on institution-provided CPP data as of 9/14/2020.
- FY23/24 through FY25/26 projections assume that an integrated entity would come into existence beginning in in FY22/23.
- Additional revenue and expenditures, including savings, 'flows' through outer projection years.
- Enrollment, tuition and fees, appropriations, and compensation trajectory assumptions were used to inform projections.
- Operational savings were not calculated for standalone projections.





Scenario Assumptions

Input Measure	CPP Projections	"Lower-Bound"	"Moderate"	"Upper-Bound"
Enrollment	University-provided	-2%	-1%	0%
Tuition and fee rates	OOC-provided (1%)	0%	0.5%	1%
Financial aid	OOC-provided (1%)	1%	0.5%	0%
Appropriations	OOC-provided (1%)	0%	0.5%	1%
Total compensation (all groups)	2.3% (blended salary/benefits)	2.3% (blended salary/benefits)	2.3% (blended salary/benefits)	2.3% (blended salary/benefits)
Auxiliaries	Return to 'pre-COVID' revenues informed by CPP			
Capital expenditures & debt principal payments	University-provided	University-provided	University-provided	University-provided
All other revenue/expenditures	0%	0%	0%	0%
Integration Assumptions				
Target S/F ratio	Historical 2010 System average (19.4)			
Executive savings	50% / 66% / 75% based on # of integrating institutions	50% / 66% / 75% based on # of integrating institutions	50% / 66% / 75% based on # of integrating institutions	50% / 66% / 75% based on # of integrating institutions
Savings in other administrative subfunctions	40%	20%	30%	40%

Notes:



¹⁾ Savings were only calculated for integrated institutions

²⁾ CPP tuition, fees and appropriations were provided by OOC as 5-year budget instructions

³⁾ CPP integration includes executive and administrative savings, as well as limited faculty savings



CPP Enrollment Scale

2020-21 Estimated Annualized FTE Enrollment

University	2020-21 FTE Students
BL	7,914
CA	6,091
CL	3,839
ED	3,867
SL	8,812
LO	3,051
MA	1,650
CA/CL	9,930
CA/CL/ED	13,797
CA/CL/ED/SL	22,609
ED/SL	12,679
LO/MA	4,701
LO/MA/BL	12,615





Projected Financial Viability Summary: CPP

Preliminary Institutional Viability Assessments (FY2025-26)

Institution(s)	FY23/24-FY 25/26 Total Annualized FTE Enrollment Change	FY23/24-FY 25/26 3-Year Average Operating Margin	FY23/24-FY 25/26 3-Year Average Primary Reserve Ratio		
	CPP Projections	CPP Projections	CPP Projections		
BL	0%	1%	25%		
CA	2%	-2%	7%		
CL	0%	-1%	-10%		
ED	8%	12%	17%		
SL	0%	-1%	24%		
LO	3%	3%	51%		
MA	1%	5%	-46%		
CA/CL	1% 1	1 %	1%		
CA/CL/ED	3%	6%	11%		
CA/CL/ED/SL	2%		<u> </u>		
ED/SL	3%	7%	29%		
LO/MA	2%	7%	23%		
LO/MA/BL	1%	5%	26%		

- The CPP integration scenarios suggest potential financial viability in outer projection years, which may be driven by high enrollment projections relative to historic trends.
- Individual results do not take into account the impact on universities as other universities within the System experience financial sustainability concerns.

Notes

- 1) Integration financial viability metrics based on University/OOC inputs, plus projected executive, administrative, and limited faculty savings
- 2) No adjustments have been made to provide loans to meet cash needs or to address loan repayments.





Projected Financial Viability Summaries—3 Scenarios

Preliminary Institutional Viability Assessments (FY2025-26)

Institution(s)	_	FY23/24-FY 25/26 Total Annualized FTE Enrollment Change		FY23/24-FY 25/26 3-Year Average Operating Margin			FY23/24-FY 25/26 3-Year Average Primary Reserve Ratio		
	"Lower-Bound"	"Moderate"	"Upper-Bound"	"Lower-Bound"	"Moderate"	"Upper-Bound"	"Lower-Bound"	"Moderate"	"Upper- Bound"
BL	-4%	-2%	0%	-4%	-1%	2%	22%	29%	37%
CA	-4%	-2%	0%	-5%	-1%	2%	7%	16%	25%
CL	-4%	-2%	0%	-7%	-4%	0%	-22%	-14%	-5%
ED	-4%	-2%	0%	2%	4%	7%	-13%	-5%	4%
SL	-4%	-2%	0%	-3%	0%	4%	48%	56%	65%
LO	-4%	-2%	0%	-1%	2%	5%	55%	62%	70%
MA	-4%	-2%	0%	-15%	-12%	-10%	-104%	-99%	-93%
CA/CL			0%	-6%	1%	3%	-7º/ ₀	4%	_ 16%_
CA/CL/ED	-4%	-2%	0%	-3%	1%	5%	-7%	2%	14%
CA/CL/ED/SL	-4%	-2%	0%	-3%	1%	6%	12%	22%	34%
ED/SL	-4%	-2%	0%	0%	4%	8%	30%	40%	51%
LO/MAL	4%	-2%	0%	4%	1%	3%	-4%	4%	14%_
LO/MA/BL	-4%	-2%	0%	-3%	0%	4%	12%	21%	31%

- The two integration sets (CA/CL/ED & LO/MA/BL) show signs of potential for achieving a shared vision within the market though combined resources while also allowing local branding to be maintained.
- The two integration sets show signs of potential financial viability in all but the "Lower-Bound" CA/CL/ED scenario.





Discussion

